

MATH 251 (Spring 2008) Exam 1, Feb 20th

No calculators, books or notes! Show all work and give **complete explanations**. This 65 minute exam is worth a total of 75 points.

(1) [15 pts] Let **a** and **b** be two vectors so that  $|\mathbf{a}| = 2$ ,  $|\mathbf{b}| = 5$  and the angle between **a** and **b** is  $\pi/6$ . (a) Find  $\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b}$ .

(b) Calculate the scalar projection of **b** onto **a**.

(c) Find the area of the parallelogram determined by **a** and **b**.

(2) [15 pts]

(a) Find a parametric equation for the plane through the points (3, -1, 2), (8, 2, 4), and (-1, -2, -3).

(b) Find a *parametric equation* for the line through the point (0, 1, 2) that is parallel to the plane x+y+z=2 and perpendicular to the line x = 1 + t, y = 1 - t, z = 2t.

(3) [18 pts] Consider the quadric surface  $\$ 

$$x^{2} + \left(\frac{y}{2}\right)^{2} - \left(\frac{z}{3}\right)^{2} = -1.$$

Find equations for the traces of this surface in the planes x = k, y = k, and z = k for a few appropriately chosen values of k. Sketch each of these traces in a plane. Then sketch the surface in space.

(4) [15 pts]

(a) Sketch the image in the xy-plane of the parametrized curve  $\mathbf{r}(t) = (3\cos t, 4\sin t)$ , where  $0 \le t \le \pi$ .

(b) Calculate  $\mathbf{r}'(\pi/3)$ , where  $\mathbf{r}$  is the parametrized curve in (a).

(c) State the limit definition of the derivative  $\mathbf{r}'(t)$  of a parametrized curve  $\mathbf{r}$ . Using a picture and an English sentence explain why  $\mathbf{r}'(t)$  is called the *tangent vector* to the curve at  $\mathbf{r}(t)$ .

(5) [12 pts]

(a) Suppose the spherical coordinates of a point P are  $(\rho, \theta, \phi) = (4, \pi/6, \pi/3)$ . Find the cylindrical coordinates of P.

(b) Sketch and describe in words the surface whose equation in spherical coordinates is  $\phi = \pi/3$ .

Pledge: I have neither given nor received aid on this exam

Signature: